Oxytocin Injection

(purified oxytocic principle) INJECTION FOR HORSES, COWS, SOWS & EWES

20 USP units per mL Sterile Aqueous Solution

ANADA 200-328, Approved by FDA

INDICATIONS

Oxytocin is indicated for obstetrical use in sows, ewes, horses and cows, and milk let-down in cows and sows.

BENEFITS

- · Choice of administration routes: IV, IM or SQ
- Versatile: Aids in a number of obstetrical procedures
- Multi-species: Treats ewes and sows, as well as cows and mares
- Storage: Store at controlled room temperature refrigeration not required
- Safe: Approved by FDA

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PACKAGING

LIST NO.	UNIT PACKAGE	CASE SIZE
1OXY015	100 mL	12

CAUTION:

Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

PRECAUTIONS

Oxytocin is a potent preparation, accordingly, it should be administered with due caution. For prepartum usage, full dilation of the cervix should be accomplished either naturally or through the administration of estrogen prior to oxytocin therapy.

See reverse side for Administration and Dosage.



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TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Bimeda[®]

Oxytocin Injection

(purified oxytocin principle) INJECTION FOR HORSES, COWS, SOWS & EWES 20 USP units per mL • Sterile Aqueous Solution

ANADA 200-328, Approved by FDA

HAZARDOUS NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Restricted Drug (California); Use only as directed.

DESCRIPTION:

Oxytocin Injection is a sterile aqueous solution of highly purified oxytocic principle derived by synthesis or obtained from the posterior lobe of the pituitary gland of healthy domestic animals used for food by humans. Oxytocin Injection contains 20 USP Units of oxytocin and less than 0.4 units of presser activity per mL. Each mL of sterile solution also contains 0.9% w/v sodium chloride, 0.5% w/v chlorobutanol (as a preservative), with water for injection q.s. and pH adjusted to 3.0 to 5.0 with acetic acid.

ACTIONS:

Oxytocin acts directly on the smooth musculature of the uterus in all species to induce rhythmic contractions, although in some species the uterine cervix does not respond to oxytocin. The responsiveness of the uterine musculature to oxytocin varies greatly with the stage of the reproductive cycle. During the early phases of pregnancy the uterus is relatively insensitive to the effects of oxytocin, while in the late phases the sensitivity is markedly increased. Most authorities attribute this varying response to the varying levels of estrogen and progesterone during the course of pregnancy.

Oxytocin also has been shown to exert a milk ejecting effect, occasionally referred to as the galactogogic effect. The actual mechanism by which oxytocin stimulates the release of milk from the mammary glands is not known with certainty, but oxytocin is presumed to act on certain smooth muscle elements in the gland.

INDICATIONS:

Because of the specific action of oxytocin upon the uterine musculature, it is recommended as an aid in the management of the following conditions:

- 1) To precipitate labor
- 2) To accelerate normal parturition
- 3) Postpartum evacuation of uterine debris
- 4) Postoperative contraction of the uterus following a cesarean section and control of uterine hemorrhage

Oxytocin will contract the smooth muscle cells of the mammary gland to induce milk let-down if the udder is in a proper physiological state.

CONTRAINDICATION:

Do not use in dystocia due to abnormal presentation of the fetus until correction is accomplished.

PRECAUTIONS:

Oxytocin is a potent preparation, accordingly, it should be administered with due caution. For prepartum usage full dilation of the cervix should be accomplished either naturally or through the administration of estrogen prior to oxytocin therapy.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION:

Obstetrical Use: Inject aseptically by the intravenous, intramuscular or subcutaneous route as follows:

EWES, SOWS:

These dosages are recommended, and may be repeated as indicated.

Milk Let-down:

Inject aseptically by the intravenous, intramuscular or subcutaneous route.

COWS:

0.5 to 1.0 mL 10 to 20 USP Units **SOWS**:

These dosages are recommended and may be repeated as necessary.

Note: Oxytocin will not induce milk let-down unless the udder is in the proper physiological state.

CAUTION:

Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

HOW SUPPLIED:

100 mL multiple dose vials.

STORAGE: Store at controlled room temperature. **PROTECT** FROM FREEZING.

To obtain an MSDS or for assistance, contact Bimeda, Inc. at 1-888-524-6332.





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